Prefixes & Suffixes

Remember this

A prefix is a letter or a group of letters placed at the beginning of a word, and it changes the meaning.

Words	Prefixes
1. normal	abnormal
2. like	dislike
3. literate	illiterate
4. teacher	ex-teacher
5. legal	illegal
6. possible	impossible
7. tolerant	intolerant
8. polite	impolite
9. expensive	inexpensive
10. relevant	irrelevant
11. stop	non-stop
12. responsible	irresponsible
13. weigh	out-weigh
14. crowded	over crowded
15. school	pre-school
16. reliant	self reliant
17. fair	unfair
18. wear	under-wear
19. mature	immature
20. grateful	ungrateful
21. reliable	unreliable
22. patient	impatient
23. legible	illegible

24. experienced	inexperienced
25. write	re-write
26. number	out number
27. use	mis-use
28. advantage	disadvantage
29. operate	cooperate
30. expensive	inexpensive
31. behave	misbehave
32. large	enlarge
33. rich	enrich
34. virus	anti-virus
35. polite	impolite
36. paid	under-paid
37. able	unable
38. nuclear	anti-nuclear
39. satisfied	dissatisfied
40. understand	mis-understand
41. honest	dishonest
42. motivate	demotivate
43. lucky	unlucky
44. pilot	co-pilot
45. appear	disappear
46. healthy	unhealthy

A suffix is a word or a group of letters added to the end of a word and changes the grammatical form of the word.

Words	Suffixes		
1. history	historical	24. suit	suitable
2. refuse	refusal	25. revolution	revolutionary
3. appear	appearance	26. education	educational
4. arrive	arrival	27. finance	financial
5. wise	wisdom	28. art	artistic
6. children	childish/ childhood	29. rely	reliable
7. differ	difference	30. friend	friendship
8. hunger	hungry	31. illiterate	illiteracy
9. thirst	thirsty	32. unemployed	unemployment
10. beauty	beautiful	33. job	jobless
11. science	scientific	34. home	homeless
12. creative	creativity	35. discriminate	discrimination
13. free	freedom	36. describe	description
14. assist	assistance	37. integrate	integration
15. depart	departure	38. inform	information
16. achieve	achievement	39. assist	assistance
17. diverse	diversity	40. prevent	prevention
18. care	careless/ careful	41. success	successful
19. decide	decision	42. know	knowledge
20. pollute	pollution	43. geography	geographical
21. difficult	difficulty	44. improve	improvement
22. available	availability	45. destroy	destruction
23. meaning	meaningless/ ful	46. environment	environmental

EXERCISE 1 Match these prefixes with their meanings.

1. re	a. before
2. un	b. reverse action
3. pre	c. again
4. super	d. former
5. ex	e. greater

EXERCISE 2 Add the correct suffix to these words.

involve - differ – discriminate - imagine – attend ignore – manage – unemployed – reside- pollute violent – governor – develop- explain – addict

ment	ence/ance	tion
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EXERCISE 3 Give the correct prefix to the words in brackets.

1. You should (write)	your essay.
2. Can you (play)	that music track?
3. Mark is an (dependent).	businessman.
4. The advantages (numbe	er)the drawbacks.
5. (legal)immi	gration is a serious problem.
6. It's (safe)	_to walk alone in the woods.
7. Some students are (resp	onsible)nowadays.
8. You (understood)	what she told you.
9. I was (satisfied)	_with your last performance.
10. He is (comfortable)	in that room.

EXERCISE 4 Give the correct suffix to the words in brackets.

1. Smoking is (harm)	to your health.
2. He left school because	of (finance)problems.
3. Cathy is a (gift)	student in this school.
4. Associations should hel	p (home)people.
5. Some (job)	_people suffer from poverty.
6. It's his (responsible)	to find a solution.
7. (Prevent)	is better than cure.
8. For more (inform)	, contact the manager.
9. The little boy over there	needs (assist)

____monuments are ancient.

EXERCISE 5 Complete the following chart.

10. These (history)____

Verbs	Adjectives	Nouns
1. benefit		
2. create		
3. differentiate		
4. rely		
5. succeed		-
6. strengthen		-
7. accept		

Quiz on Prefixes & Suffixes

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EXERCISE 1 Give the correct form of the words in brackets: Prefixes (5Pts)
1. Parents should teach their children to be (dependent)after they get their BAC. 2. The boss didn't accept him because he was an (experienced) journalist. 3. The teacher said, "(Write) this essay because you made a lot of mistakes." 4. M'barek is an (literate) person; he doesn't know how to read or write. 5. I (agree) with you. English is the most spoken language in the world. 6. Facebook is an (national) social network; most people are using it worldwide. 7. Barak Oubama is now the (president) of the United States. 8. Morocco is making great efforts to fight (legal) immigration. 9. Jad is an (mature) student; sometimes, he acts childish in front of his mates. 10. "Your answer to the question is (correct); try again," the teacher said.
EXERCISE 2 Give the correct form to the words in brackets: Suffixes (5Pts)
1. "Sarah is more (beauty) than her sister," Mr. White said.
2. Brain drain is the (emigrate)of genius people to other countries.
3. The secretary told her colleagues, "Our relationship is based on (friend), not love."
4. This car is (economy) Besides, it's very cheap.
5. Some environmentalists argue that (industry)factories shouldn't be built here.
6. Memories of (child) are unforgettable; they are tattooed in our minds.
7. Martha is always a (lie); she never tells the truth to her parents.
8. This is not a (gold) ring; it was just made of a mixture of silver and iron.
9. Angela Merkel is a good example of a (success) woman in the political domain.
10. This book gives a full (describe) of the Moroccan culture.
EXERCISE 3 Put the words in brackets in the correct form adding the right prefix or suffix or both. (10Pts
1. He is a (care) taxi driver. That's why, he made a lot of accidents.
2. The jury didn't accept the candidates who didn't have (art) talents.
3. Today, it's (sun) in Marrakesh, but (wind) and (rain) in Casablanca.
4. Because of the sudden (dark), the referee stopped the match yesterday.
5. "Your first attempt was (success); try again tomorrow," the coach said.
6. The two vice-presidents signed an (agree)to help each other in the future.
7. Some people in the street are (job) and (home)
8. Please, don't use my (person) computer without my permission.
9. You need to be (care)when you take this pot. It's made of glass.
10. Villager women mostly suffer from (literate) and (ignore)
11. You can touch this dog. It's (harm); it never bites.
12. Madam Nelson is a (child) woman; that's why, she adopted that kid.

13. It's (use) ______to shout in this desert; no one can ever hear you. 14. It's (necessity) ______ to change your password from time to time. 15. I don't like Mark because he is a (self) _____ and (child) _____

boy.