

Date: 31 / 12 / 2012 Final Mark ................ / 40

If it is true that when you educate a man you educate an individual, but when you educate a woman you educate a whole nation, the future looks bright for Kenya. In Muranga district, for the last two years, more girls than boys have enrolled at primary and secondary school.

- The change is attributed to a combination of factors a rapidly evolving culture that is open to external ideas, the influence of long established schools set up by missionaries, and the good performance of girls already in the school system. Negative factors have also played a part, such as economic hardship and the breakdown of the extended family structure. As land continues to be subdivided into economically marginal packages, education increasingly stands out as the most reliable resource most parents in central Kenya can bequeath their children.
- Young people can no longer count on inheriting land, or expect to walk into a job. At one time, a young man getting married would have received cows, goats, and even a house. <u>This</u> is no longer possible. "There is a better dowry bargain whenever the girl has standard education," David Njoroje, a local leader points out. "Illiterate girls are virtually worthless. Proud fathers either get what they want or simply tell the suitors to look elsewhere."
- Previously, the value of a girl lay in her marriageability. These days, the scenario has changed. Francis Kamande, father of three girls and two boys, shares the increasingly common view that education is an investment. "Parents are convinced that they will reap great benefits at a later date."

  Those who fail to take their children to school are now despised as old-fashioned. Hence an increase in competition among parents to enrol their children in better institutions.
- Education in Kenya is free, but uniforms, books and other essentials can bring the cost of enrolling a child in year one of primary school to £45. In a country where the monthly income is less than £120, **this** is more than what parents can afford. But in Muranga **they** are finding the money, even for girls.

#### I COMPREHENSION (15 POINTS)

**{BASE YOUR ANSWERS ON THE TEXT}** 

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Answer these questions in your own words. (4 pts)

1	Why do more girls than boys attend schoo	I in Muranga district?				
		-				
2	What kind of help did young people use to	get when they wanted to get married?				
3	How is education considered nowadays in	Kenva?				
Ū						
4	How is the educational situation in Murang	a different from the rest of Kenya?				
	Ave these statements TRUE or FALCES	HISTIFY HOLLY OF CHARLES (2 mtc)				
В	Are these statements TRUE or FALSE? JUSTIFY your answers. (3 pts)					
1	Land is still regarded as the most valuable	inheritance.				
2	Uneducated girls have little chance to get	married.				
•	D					
3	Parents who can't manage to send their cr	nildren to school are considered behind the times.				
С	What do the underlined words in the text refer to? (2 pts)					
1	This (parag. 3):					
2	Those (parag. 4):					
3	this (parag. 5):					
4	they (parag. 5):					
D	Find in the text words or expressions the	nat mean the same as the following. (4 pts)				
	·					
1	becomes more important (parag. 2)					
2	rely on (parag. 3)					
3	gain as a result of hard work (parag. 4)					
4	have a very low opinion of (parag. 4)					
E	Complete the following sentences with	information from the text. (2 pts)				
	,	The state of the s				
1	Parents send their children to school so the	at				
2	Education is free in Kenya, Nevertheless	paranta				

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LANGUAGE (15 POINTS)

II

A	Put the words	between brackets	s into the correct form.	(3 pts)				
1	His actions wor	o basad on a falsa	(accumo)					
1			(assume)					
2	_	, ,	and full of end	ergy.				
3	ne nas aiways i	nad a (rebei)	streak.					
В	Put the verbs l	between brackets	into the correct form.	(4 pts)				
1	As I (already / mentioned) I doubt that we will able to raise all the money we need.							
2	Now then, what (you / try) to do there?							
3	I'd recommend you (take) the train.							
4	Perhaps you sh	ould try (get)	earlie	er in the mornings.				
С	Rewrite the fol	lowing sentences	s as indicated. (3 pts)					
1	It was not neces	ssary to prepare so	omething to eat.					
	You							
2	He was a teacher. Then, he became a musician.							
	Before							
3	I'm sure he has some serious problems at work.							
	He							
D	Fill in the blanks with the most appropriate words. (2 pts)							
	for granted	place	for the better	conclusions	better off	par		
1	We can safely o	Iraw some	from ou	ır discussion.				
2	How many cour	ntries took	in the la	st Olympic Games?				
3	I just took it		that he'd always be ar	ound.				
4	Her attitude has	definitely changed	t	. since she started t	his new job.			
E	Match each se	ntence with the c	orresponding function	ı. (3 pts)				
					a Disagre	ement		
1	I don't see wh	nat you're driving a	t.		b Agreem	ent		
2	It was a ridicu	lous thing to do, to	my mind.		c Lack of	understanding		
3	He's a really	successful man – y	ou can't argue with that		d Reques	st		
					e Opinion	l 		
1			2		3			

#### III WRITING (10 POINTS)

One of the current issues your school magazine is dealing with is schooling in Morocco. Write a letter to the editor of the magazine in which you list some of its benefits and problems. Then, try to suggest some solutions.

(200 words approximately)

29 <sup>th</sup> December
Dear Editor,
Yours faithfully,

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